



CCIOA Applicability

• Pre-CCIOA Communities:

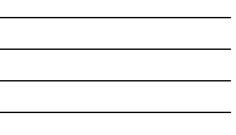
- Created prior to July 1, 1992
- Some provisions applicable C.R.S. 38-33.3-117

Post-CCIOA Communities:

- Created on or after July 1, 1992
- All provisions

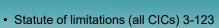


CCIOA Applicability (cont.) • Exceptions - 100% non-residential planned communities 3-121 - Small and limited expense communities 3-116 - Large planned communities 3-116.3 - Small pre-existing planned communities 3-119





✓ Renewable Energy (e.g.,



- Construction violations
- One year
- Legal fees (all CICs) 3-123
 - Collection: may require reimbursement - Covenant Enforcement: may seek
 - reimbursement



Creation of CIC (post-CCIOA) 3-201

- Must record declaration
- Must record plat / condo map
- Limited Common Element (post-CCIOA) 3-208
 - Designating LCEs
 - Swapping LCEs



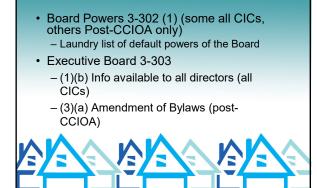
• Public Disclosures (all CICs) 3-209.4 (1)

- Laundry list of items that must be disclosed
- Info disclosed w/in 90 days of developer transition
- Info disclosed w/in 90 days of end of each fiscal year
- No cost to owners
- Methods of disclosure:
 - · Website w/ notice of website address via mail or e-mail
 - Maintain binder at Assn's principal place of business; or
 - · Mail or personal delivery



- Required Policies (all CICs) 3-209.5
- Owner Education (all CICs) 3-209.7
 Method of education is up to you, as long as within appropriate topics
- Declaration Amendment 3-217 (Some apply to all CICs, others to post-CCIOA only)





Executive Board 3-303 (cont.) - (4)(a) Budget veto process

- Board adopts budget
- Summary provided to all owners
- Meeting to consider budget (no quorum necessary)
- Need majority of <u>all</u> owners (or higher requirement stated in Declaration) to veto or automatically ratified
- Exception: Pre-CCIOA AND Declaration contains \$\$ cap, still hold meeting but no opportunity to veto



• Executive Board 3-303 (cont.)

- (4)(b) Audit (all CICs): Required if both are met: (i) Assn has annual revenues or expenditures of at least \$250k AND (ii) Audit requested by owners of at least 1/3 of units.
- (8) Removal of Board (post-CCIOA):
 67% of Owners, as long as quorum is present



Owner Meetings (all CICs) 3-308

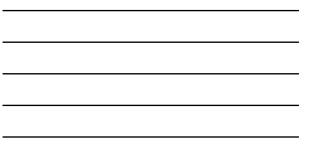
- Timeframe: 10 to 50 days
- Method: Mail or personal delivery
 Physical posting in conspicuous place; Email
- Special Meetings of Members (all CICs) 3-308
 - Called by Board President or majority of Board, or
 - Owners having 20% of voting power (or lower % specified in bylaws)



• Board Meetings (all CICs) 3-308

- Open meetings
- To owner, designated representative
- Owner participation before Board takes action
- Executive session
 - · Categories should be in your conduct of meeting policy
 - · No adoption of rule/reg or amendment to Articles or Bylaws





• Quorum (post CCIOA) 3-309 - Default requirement

- 20% if less than 2000 units
- 10% if more than 2000 units
- Voting/proxies 3-310
 - Secret ballot for <u>contested</u> elections (all CICs)
 - Votes may be cast in person or via proxy (11 month cap)
 - Ballots counted by neutral third parties



• Insurance (post-CCIOA) 3-313 - Condos - property insurance on Common Elements AND Units, as originally constructed

- · May exclude finished surfaces, and betterments and improvements - Adopt claims submission/ deductible policy
- Assn's insurance is primary
- Must have fidelity coverage for 2 months of assessments + everything in reserves
- D&O not required, but highly recommended



- Assessments (post-CCIOA) 3-315 - (3)(a) LCE expenses
 - (3)(b) common expenses benefitting less than all
 - (4) common expenses caused by misconduct
- Collections limitations (all CICs) 3-316.3
 - Must adopt a compliant collection policy
 - 18-month payment plan
 - Application of payments
 - Penalty for violating foreclosure laws



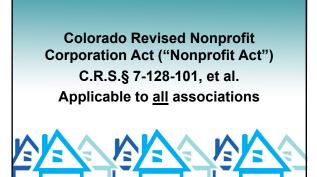


- (1) Sole records of Assn; (3) Records that may be withheld; (3.5) Records that must be withheld
- At request of owner or owner's authorized agent
- No longer requires proper purpose
- Timeframe for inspection/production
- Cost of labor & material, for copies of Assn records
- No obligation to compile



- Registration of Associations (all CICs) 3-401
 - Must annually register with DORA
 - Must annually pay fee unless annual revenues of \$5000 or less
 - Penalties for failure to comply with the above
 Suspension of lien rights
 - Suspension of enforcement rights





Action By Written Ballot

• CRS 7-127-109

- Vote by written ballot in lieu of meeting
- Info required on ballot (include Yes or No)
- Info required in solicitation letter (number that meets
- quorum, deadline date/time, <u>percentage</u> to approve)
- Enough info to make informed decision
- Timeframe to collect: 60 days from first signed ballot



Proxies

- CRS 7-127-203 (for homeowner meeting)
 - What is it? Who can be proxy?
 - What needs to be on form
 - General or Directed
- CRS 7-128-205(4) (for Board meeting)
 - Right must be in Bylaws
 - To Director only & must be Directed Proxy



Board of Directors

- Qualification Who can be on Board? – CRS 7-128-101
- Number How many Board members? – CRS 7-128-103
- Term How long does Board member serve?
 CRS 7-128-105



Board Action Without a Meeting

- · Check Bylaws first
- CRS 7-128-202 (action by email)
 - Email to all stating: (i) proposed action, (ii) deadline,(iii) that failure to respond means you've abstained
 - By deadline: (i) vote, (ii) fail to respond, and (iii) no demand for meeting
 - Yes votes must equal or exceed the # of votes needed to approve action if ALL directors in office voted



Board Standard of Conduct

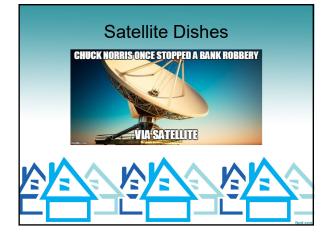
• CRS 7-128-401

- Standard of care: (i) in good faith, (ii) prudently, and (iii) in best interest of association
- Rely on experts to make informed decision
- Business judgment rule –protection from liability!!

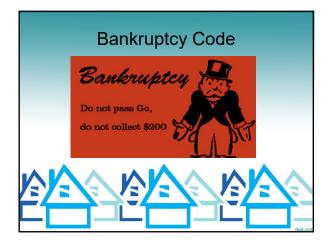














Bankruptcy Code (cont.)

- Chapter 7 (aka liquidation)
 How does it affect the association?
- Chapter 13 (aka reorganization)
 How does it affect the association?



Fair Housing Amendments Act ("FHAA") – Discrimination Laws

- Federal Fair Housing Act - 42 U.S.C. §§ 3601 - 3619
 Colorado Civil Rights Act
- Colorado Civil Rights Act
 C.R.S. § 24-34-501, et seq.



FHAA – Discrimination (cont.)

What is discrimination under the FHAA? Treating individuals differently with respect to sale, rental, or use

- of a dwelling based on one of the following protected classes:
- Race
 Familial Status

 Creed (State Only)
 Marital Status (State Only)

 Color
 National Origin

 Religion
 Ancestry (State Only)

 Sex
 Sexual Orientation

 Handicap/Disability
 (State Only)



FHAA – Discrimination (cont.)

Person with a (i) **Disability** is entitled to a (ii) **Reasonable Accommodation**

- · Definition of Disability
 - Physical or mental impairment that: (i) substantially limits one or more life activities, (ii) Record of having such impairment, (iii) Being regarded as having such impairment



FHAA – Discrimination (cont.)

Vast range of disabilities:

Orthopedic, visual, speech & hearing impairments, cerebral palsy, autism, epilepsy, muscular dystrophy, multiple sclerosis, cancer, heart disease, diabetes, AIDS, mental retardation, emotional illness, drug addiction (other than addition caused by *current*, illegal use of a controlled substance) and alcoholism.



FHAA - Discrimination (cont.)

- Definition of Reasonable Accommodation
 - Change, exception, or adjustment to a rule, policy, practice, or service necessary for person with disability to have equal opportunity to use and enjoy unit and community.
- · Accommodation must be related to disability
- Accommodation must be reasonable



FHAA (cont.)

The Emotional Support Animal ("ESA")

- Person is disabled and needs animal to allow equal use and enjoyment of unit and community.
- Disability that is Apparent vs. Not Apparent
 Can request verification <u>if not apparent</u>
- Often with ESAs disability not apparent
 - ANY animal
 - No training/certification necessary
 Not "pets"





- Can I charge a pet fee or deposit?
- Can ESA be temporary?
- I can keep out of pool area, right?



FHAA – Discrimination (cont.)

How to keep association out of trouble:

- 1. Adopt a Reasonable Accommodation/Modification Policy
- 2. Review restrictions, rules & regs for discriminatory language
- 3. Consult your attorney
- 4. Enforce in a uniform and consistent manner
- 5. Engage the individual seeking an accommodation or modification in an interactive dialogue
- 6. Be professional



FHAA- Discrimination (cont.)

Other Discrimination Issues

- "No one under the age of 18 in swimming area."
- "Holiday lights may be installed from December 1 through December 31st only."
- "No playing on the Common Area"
- "No group homes."



Americans with Disabilities Act ("ADA")

• ADA compliance for <u>places of public</u> accommodation.

- Most assns are <u>private</u> communities
 - What if rent out amenities to general public?
 - What if swim teams use swimming pool?
- Dog or miniature pony only



Housing for Older Persons Act ("HOPA")

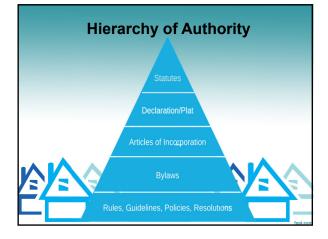
Creates an exemption for communities designed specifically for older residents. If qualified, exempted from <u>familial status</u> discrimination.

- 80% occupancy rule
- Publish/adhere to policies/procedures demonstrating intent to be a HOPA community
- Comply with HUD regulations on age verifications







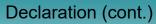




Declaration

- They are all different specific to Association
- · Runs with the land
- Creates rights and responsibilities
 - Board Authority
 - Maintenance/Insurance Obligations
 - Assessments
 - Use Restrictions
 - Architectural Review



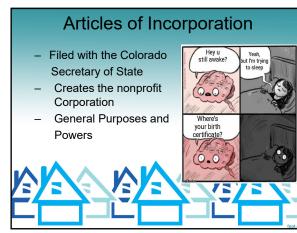


- Amendments
- Limited Amendments
- Amending and Restating
- Membership approval
 - Owner approval only no less than majority, no more than 67%
- Mortgagee Approval or Notice Requirements
- Insurance Notice Requirements

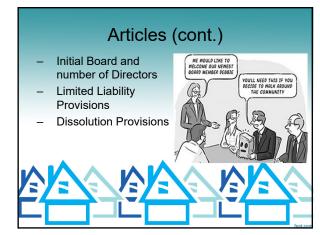


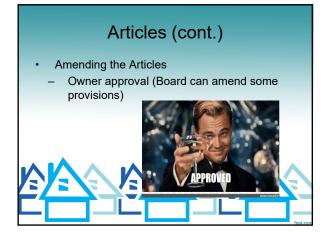












Bylaws

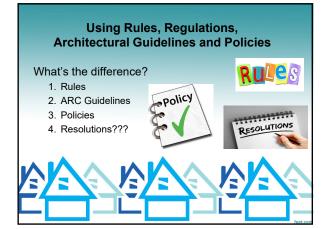
- Operational Manual of the Association/Governance Procedures
- General Board Powers and Duties
- Membership Requirements
- Meeting Requirements
- Voting Rights
- Elections of board Members



Bylaws (cont.)

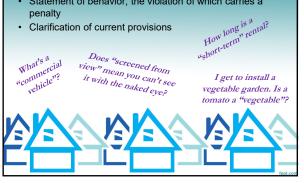
- Amending the Bylaws It depends
 - Pre-CCIOA Board can amend except quorum
 - Post CCIOA Board cannot amend powers and duties of Board, terms and qualifications of Directors. Still no quorum.
 - Exceptions provision stating Board cannot amend.







Rules and Regulations Statement of behavior, the violation of which carries a penalty.



Rules and Regulations (cont.)

- Cannot add use restrictions over Unit/Lots
- Can add use restrictions over Common Elements
- · When to adopt them
- · Board usually adopts them
 - Cannot adopt in executive session
 - Consult Adoption of Rules, Regs, Policies policy
- · Remember they're at bottom of hierarchy chart



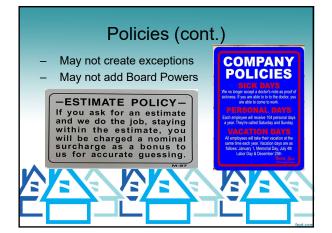
Architectural Guidelines Rules related to receipt, review, response to submission for modifying Unit/Lot Cannot add new criteria for review, can clarify aesthetics, specs and materials, process Who adopts? Document specific Bottom of hierarchy chart

Policies

What they can't do

- Established by the Board
- May not conflict with the law
- May not conflict with anything in the 3 primary documents *
- May not create requirements without general authority in the primary documents
- May not be more restrictive
- May not create or add "Use Restrictions"





Policies (cont.)

What they can do

- Define or clarify ambiguous terms or vague provisions in the documents
- Develop or add a process to accomplish something already allowed in the Documents
- Govern use of Common Elements and set forth expectations of conduct on Common Elements



Policies (cont.)

CCIOA Required 9 Policies:

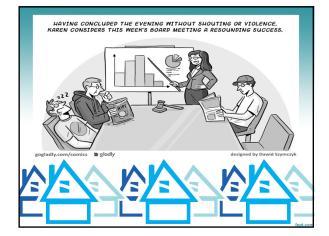
- Adoption of Policies
- Alternative Dispute Resolution ("ADR")
- Conflict of Interest
- Conduct of Meetings
- Inspection of RecordsCollectionCovenant Enforcement
- Investment of Reserves
- Reserve Study



Policies (cont.)

- If the procedure or policy you are utilizing is not reflected in the policy, then update the policy.
- If what you are trying to do is not allowed through a rule or policy, then you will need to amend your Declaration or Bylaws first before you should update the policy.







Drafting Techniques for Common Pitfalls

- Are you being consistent with state and federal laws (CCIOA, FHAA, CO Civil Rights Act)?
- Are you establishing enforcement standards that cannot be met?



Drafting Techniques for Common Pitfalls (cont.)

- Are you basing your amendments on outdated notions?
- Are you targeting a particular group?
- Are your provisions too specific? Not specific enough?





