Water Supply Alternatives and the

Terry Ranch Water Project

October 13, 2020



Agenda

1. Background

- 2. Purchase Contract Status
- 3. Diligence Update
- 4. Communication & Next Steps

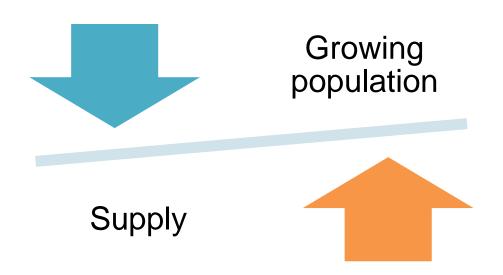




Background

Need for Project

- ✓ 260,900 people by 2065
- Current supply not enough to meet future needs
- Maintain affordable rates



Plan to Meet Needs

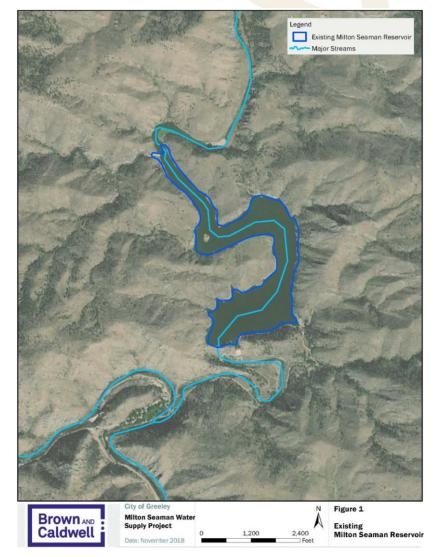
- Acquire New Water Supplies
- Demand Management & Water Conservation
- Expand Non-Potable Water System
- New Storage

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Storage

- ✓ 2003 Milton Seaman Reservoir enlargement identified in planning
- ✓ 2006 Began permitting
 - Numerous federal, state, & county permits required
 - Identify, quantify and mitigate environmental impacts
 - Evaluate alternative projects that would also meet Greeley's future need



Milton Seaman Project



- Permitting complications
 - Length and cost
 - Impacts to wetlands, stream channel, and critical habitat
 - Potential inundation of U.S. Forest Service, Larimer County, and City of Fort Collins properties
- Uncertain that Greeley would receive necessary permits

Milton Seaman Project

- Construction cost escalation
 - Originally estimated at roughly \$100M (2003)
 - After more detailed engineering, rose to between \$500M and \$1B (2019)
 - Escalation similar to other regional water storage projects
 - ✓ Increased water rates



Storage Alternatives

- ✓ Well over 100 alternatives evaluated during federal permitting
- Army Corps mandated Greeley look harder at other less impactful alternatives (2018)
- ✓ W&S Board asked for "deep dive" in late 2018
 - Apart from federal permitting
 - Evaluated alternatives with fewer permitting challenges
- Identified Terry Ranch Project

Terry Ranch Overview

✓ Non-tributary Aquifer:

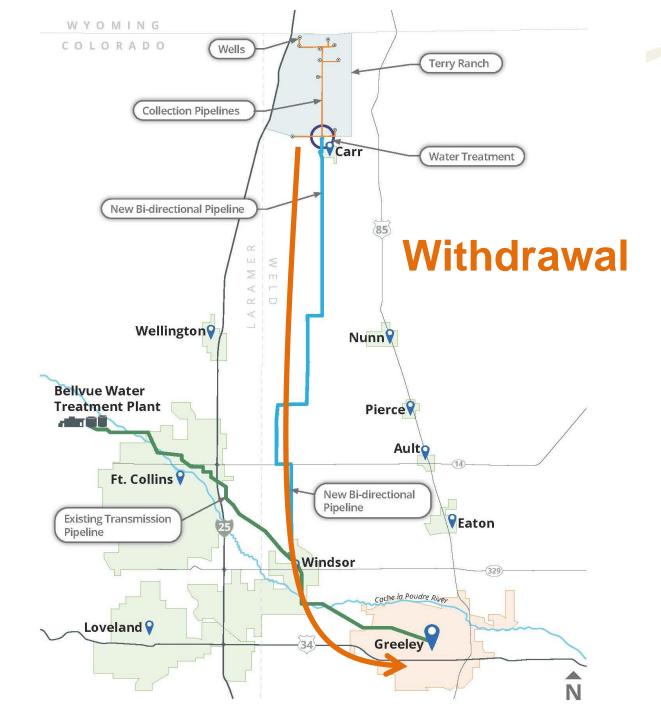
1,200,000+ acre-feet, reusable

Private property right

Suitable for underground water storage ("ASR")

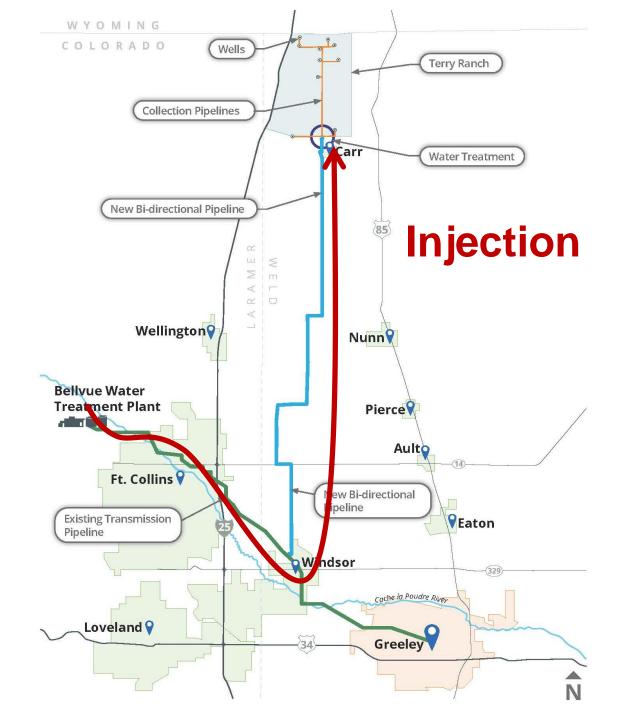
 Meets Greeley's water needs for decades to come





How It Works

- ✓Pump from wells
- Water treatment at ranch
- Connect to existing pipeline
- Potential for hydropower generation



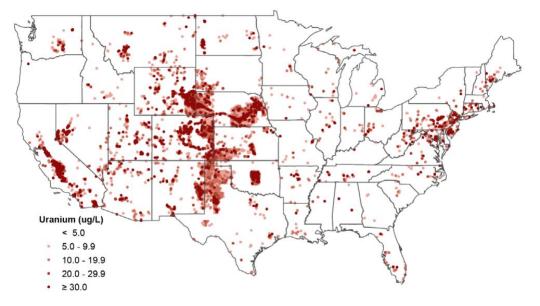
How It Works

- Treat at Bellvue Water
 Treatment Plant
- ✓Use existing 60" pipeline
- Pump to treated water north to the ranch
- ✓Inject
- ✓ Store for future use

Preliminary testing

- ° Overall, excellent water quality
- Minimal treatment, but
- Detection of uranium
- Uranium is a widespread, naturally occurring constituent
- Water quality and treatment is focus of inspection activities





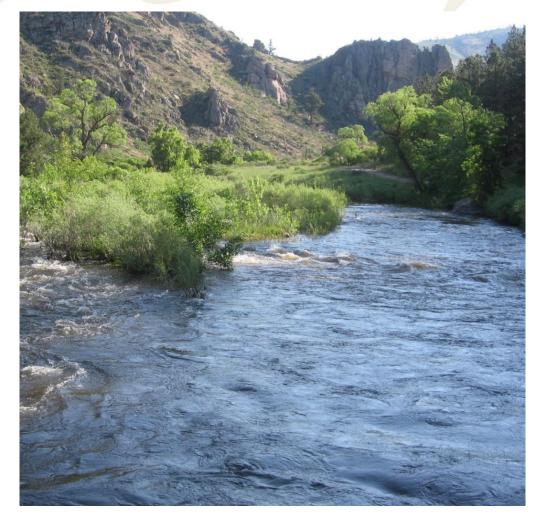
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Project Costs

 Construction cost: \$250M
 Seller financing: \$125M
 Operating expense similar to existing treatment costs

- Project buildout and costs can be phased
- All costs are preliminary, approximate and subject to change
 - Refined cost estimates in process with consultants

Water Rights



 Greeley is <u>not</u> abandoning any water rights

 May transfer junior conditional rights for Milton Seaman enlargement to alternative location

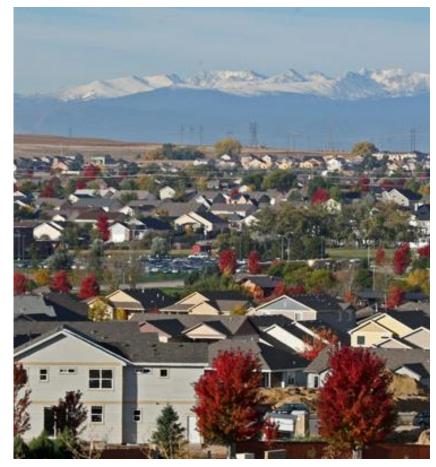


Contract Status

Unique Transaction

Purchase with raw water "credits" rather than cash

- Credits redeemable to meet Greeley's water dedication requirements
 - Credit = 1 acre-foot of dedication
- Greeley foregoes future water dedication (cash-in-lieu) revenue
- Shares financial risks with seller (Wingfoot)
 - Seller is making an investment in Greeley



Transaction Overview

Wingfoot Receives:

- 1. 12,121 Credits
- 2. Revenue sharing for water sold <u>outside</u> Greeley
- 3. Put Option to sellCredits back to Greeley

Greeley Receives:

- 1. Decree
- 2. Access easement
- 3. State Land Board lease
- 4. Five existing wells
- 5. \$125M towards infrastructure
- 6. Call Option to buy-back Credits

Restrictions

- Wingfoot's revenue depends on selling Credits
- City policies on raw water dedication greatly affect the Credit market
- Greeley defaults if it enacts policy changes that disadvantage credits
- Agreement <u>does not</u> prohibit additional acquisition of water



Ownership and Control

- Ownership transferred through tenancy in common (10-years)
- ✓ Greeley will <u>solely and perpetually</u> <u>control and operate</u>
- ✓ Greeley will <u>solely own</u> after credits are issued or 10-years



Purchase Timeline

Execute Master Agreement (Jun 2020)

Conduct Diligence (Jun-Jan)

Present Findings & Public Feedback (Q1 2021)

Close Purchase (Q1 2021)



Diligence Update

Diligence Plan

- 1. Environmental
- 2. Hydrogeology
- 3. Water Quality
- 4. Design & Cost Estimate
- 5. Title, Permitting, Legal, Etc.



Environmental



- ✓ Inspections:
 - Endangered species
 - Wetlands & water
 - Hazardous materials
 - Cultural resources
- No significant issues found thus far

Hydrogeology

 Two exploratory bores drilled (in addition to five existing wells)

- Confirmed yields and feasibility to inject
- Mapped aquifer characteristics
- ✓ Findings peer reviewed



Exhaustive studies

- Over 5,000 water quality data points thus far, with more to come
- Confirmed average uranium below regulated limit
 - Regardless, will treat uranium to non-detect
- ✓ No surprises thus far
- ✓ All results peer reviewed

Outstanding issues:

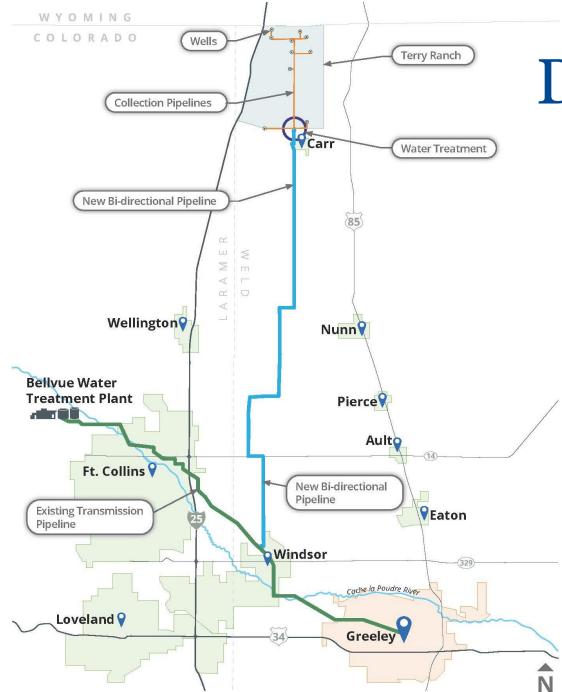
- Water quality changes from storing Bellvue water in the aquifer
- Water quality changes from mixing treated groundwater with Bellvue water
- Additional testing, analysis, and pilot project underway to resolve



Additional testing:

- Geochemical modeling
- Bench-scale testing (mix Bellvue water with groundwater and with aquifer material)
- Short-term injection test (inject/store/recover Bellvue water)





Design & Cost Estimate

 Preliminary pipeline layout
 Hydraulics and instrumentation

- ✓ Power
- Treatment design
- ✓ Revised cost estimate



Communication & Next Steps

Public Engagement

✓ New project website

https://greeleygov.com/services/ws/terry-ranch-project

✓ Virtual open houses

Online resources and social media



Next Steps

- Diligence and inspection
- Present diligence findings & collect public input
- W&S Board consideration of closing and recommendation to Council
- Council consideration of closing



Thank you.

